Table E-6. Number of employed 1995 and 1996 science and engineering master's degree recipients, by sector of employment and employment benefits: April 1997

| | | Employment benefits | | | |
|---|-------------------|--|---|------------------------|---|
| Sector of employment | Total employed | Health insurance at least partially paid by employer | Pension or retirement plan to which employer contributes | Profit-sharing plan | Paid vacation, sick, or personal days |
| Total | 135,800 | 112,900 | 89,400 | 41,300 | 107,900 |
| Private industry and business (non-educational) | | | | | |
| Private, for profit company ¹ Nonprofit organizations Self-employed | | 63,300 6,600 S | 53,000 5,100 S | 37,100 S S | 63,800 6,600 S |
| Educational institution | | | | | |
| 4-year college or university ² Other educational ³ Government | 28,100 12,300 | 18,100 10,700 | 8,500 9,500 | S 1,200 | 12,200 11,000 |
| | | | | | |
| Federal Government State or local government | 8,400 7,000 | 8,300 6,000 | 7,700 5,600 | S S | 8,300 6,100 |

¹ Persons reporting they were self-employed, but in an incorporated business, are classified as "private, for-profit."

KEY: S = Data with weighted values less than 100 or unweighted sample sizes less than 20 are suppressed for reasons of data reliability.

NOTES: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

These estimates on recent college graduates are obtained from a sample survey of individuals whose most recent bachelor's or master's degree is in a science or engineering field and may differ from degree counts presented in other SRS publications.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Studies, National Survey of Recent College Graduates, 1997

² Includes university-affiliated medical schools or research organizations.

³ Includes elementary, middle, secondary, and less than 4-year colleges or other educational institutions; excludes 4-year colleges and universities.